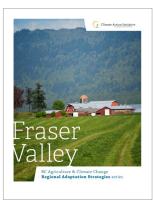


Fraser Valley

Regional Adaptation Program | AGRICULTURAL IMPACTS | as assessed in 2015



The Changes in Climate projected for the Fraser Valley region will have a range of impacts on agricultural production. Potential agricultural impacts are summarized the table below.

This table is extracted from the *Fraser Valley Adaptation Strategies* full report, published in 2015 by the Climate & Agriculture Initiative BC. To read the full report, visit: www.ClimateAgricultureBC.ca

Projected Climate Changes	Projected Effects	Potential Agricultural Impacts
 Increase in average temperatures Decrease in summer precipitation Increase in number of warm and extremely hot days 	Drier & hotter summers: More frequent and extended dry periods in summer Lower river flows in summer (earlier peak flows)	 Reduction in water supply availability Increase in irrigation demand Impacts to crop yields and quality – potential for multi-year impacts to perennial crops Impacts to livestock health/productivity Increase in complexity and costs associated with water (e.g., access to water, water storage, irrigation management) Potential opportunities: Better harvesting conditions
 Increase in average precipitation in winter Increase in intensity/ frequency of extreme rainfall events 	Increasing precipitation & extreme precipitation events (wetter winters): Potential for more rain-driven flood events Increase in runoff Increase in excess moisture	 Increase in excessive moisture and site-specific flood risk Erosion associated with runoff Increase in pressure on drainage infrastructure Impacts to plant and animal health and productivity Reduced windows for seasonal tasks Interruptions to pollination Increase in nutrient and input leaching Increase in manure storage requirements

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Projected Climate Changes	Projected Effects	Potential Agricultural Impacts
 Warmer average temperatures Increase in winter precipitation Increase in extreme rainfall events 	Changing freshet flood risk: Increasing river flows in winter and spring Shift to more rain-driven stream-flow (less predictable) Increasing rain on snow events Rising sea level	 Damage to farm buildings and equipment Losses associated with annual and perennial crops Need for relocation and/or losses of livestock Erosion associated with runoff (and loss of arable land) Interruptions to supply lines and transportation (e.g., flooded roads) Impacts to stored hazardous materials and manure storage
 Increase in average temperatures Increase in growing degree days Increase in frost free days Shift in precipitation patterns 	 Changing crop suitability ranges: Changing seasonal conditions Changing production windows 	 Inconsistent yield and quality of previously suitable crops Shortened and/or less predictable production windows for some crops Increase in management complexity (e.g., with season extension) Potential opportunities: Increase in suitability for new varieties and new crops Opportunity for season extension and additional cropping
 Increase in annual temperatures Increase in spring precipitation and extreme rain events Drier summer conditions 	Changes in pests, diseases & invasive plants: Increasing winter survival rates Increasing number of cycles in a year Introduction of new pests and diseases	 More frequent and increased damage to crops Impacts to livestock health due to pests/diseases Increasing challenges with management of invasive species on agricultural lands Increase in costs for management of pests, diseases, invasive species
✓ Increase in extreme weather events	Increase in warm & extremely hot days: Sudden temperature increases Increasing number of consecutive warm and hot days	 Decrease in productivity and quality of horticultural crops Decrease in germination and transplant success Impacts to livestock health and productivity (extreme heat) Increase in cooling and ventilation costs Increase in irrigation demand Reduction of windows for key agricultural activities
~ Climate change in other growing regions	Variability of global agricultural production	 Increase in costs of imported feed and agricultural inputs Increase in demand and prices for food production/local food Potential for increased competition from new or changing agricultural areas Potential opportunities: Increase in demand and prices for food production/local food Potential competitive advantage in changing global markets Increase in farming diversity in the region

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Projected Climate Changes	Projected Effects	Potential Agricultural Impacts
Increase in variability of conditions	Increasing variability: • Fluctuating and unpredictable seasonal conditions	 Winter damage to perennials due to repeated thaw and freeze cycles Variable/reduced windows for pollination Increase in diseases that are linked to damp conditions Increase in complexity of timing and management of nutrient/input applications Interruption or damage during planting, germination and harvesting